

To type or not to type Lua

Lua Workshop 2017

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Typed Lua



Optional type annotations

```
1 local function greet (greeting:string?)  
2  
3  
4     greeting = greeting or "Hello"  
5  
6  
7     return greeting .. " Lua Workshop 2017!"  
8 end  
9  
10 print(greet("Good Afternoon")) -- ok  
11 print(greet()) -- ok  
12 print(greet({})) -- not ok
```

Local type inference

```
1 local function greet (greeting:string?):
2     string
3     -- greeting: string | nil
4     greeting = greeting or "Hello"
5
6     -- greeting: string
7     return greeting .. " Lua Workshop 2017!"
8 end
9
10 print(greet("Good Afternoon")) -- ok
11 print(greet())                  -- ok
12 print(greet({}))               -- not ok
```

Generated code

```
1 local function greet (greeting)
2   greeting = greeting or "Hello"
3   return greeting .. " Lua Workshop 2017!"
4 end
5 print(greet("Good Afternoon"))
6 print(greet())
```

Limitations on forward declarations

```
1 local is_even, is_odd
2 function is_even (n: integer):boolean -- err
3   if (n == 0) then
4     return true
5   else
6     return is_odd(n - 1) -- err
7   end
8 end
9 function is_odd (n: integer):boolean
10  if (n == 0) then
11    return false
12  else
13    return is_even(n - 1)
14  end
15 end
16 print(is_even(8))
17 print(is_odd(8))
```

Lua-like overloading

```
1 local function get_upload_server (
2     server: string | { "upload_server":string? } ) :
3     (string, string) | (nil, string)
4     if type(server) == "string" then
5         return server, "specific"
6     else
7         local server = server.upload_server
8         if server then
9             return server, "default"
10        else
11            return nil, "no upload server set"
12        end
13    end
14 end
15
16 local server, mod_or_err = get_upload_server({})
17 if not server then
18     print("ERROR: " .. mod_or_err)
19 else
20     print("using " .. mod_or_err .. " server " .. server)
21 end
```

Table is the only data structure

```
1 local array:{string} =
2   { "typedlua", "at", "lua", "workshop" }
3
4 local map:{string:integer} =
5   { moscow = 2014, san_francisco = 2017 }
6
7 local record>{"d":integer, "m":integer,
8   "y":integer} = { d = 10, m = 6, y = 2021 }
9
10 local record_with_array>{"z":integer,
11   string} =
12   { z = 2049, "K", "Joe" }
13
14 local va:string? = array[2]
15 local vm:integer? = map.san_francisco
16 local vr:integer = record.y
```

Nilable values (recalling Hugo's talk)

```
1 function sum_list (xs:{integer}):integer
2   local sum = 0
3   for i = 1, #xs do
4     sum = sum + xs[i] --> integer | nil
5   end
6   return sum
7 end
8
9 print(sum_list( {[1] = 1, [2] = 2, [4] = 3} ))
```

Records and refinement of tables

```
1 local typealias Color =
2   { "r": number, "g": number, "b": number }
3
4 local typealias Circle =
5   { "x": number, "y": number,
6     "radius": number, "color": Color }
7
8 local gray:Color =
9   { r = 128, g = 128, b = 128, a = 255 }
10
11 local circle = {}
12 circle.x = 10
13 circle.y = 20
14 circle.radius = 5
15 circle.color = gray
16
17 -- circle has type Circle
```

Famous idiom, but polemic feature

```
1 local typealias T = {"i":integer, "s":string,
2   "f":(integer) -> (integer)}
3
4 local function get_s (t:T):string
5   t.y = 20.0                                     -- not ok
6   return t.s
7 end
8
9 local open = { i = 1 }
10 open.s = "foo"
11 open.f = function (x:integer):integer return x + 1 end
12                                         -- open:  T
13
14 local closed1 = open                         -- closed1: T
15 closed1.x = 10.0                            -- not ok
16 open.x = 10.0                               -- ok
17 closed1.s = closed1.s:reverse()
18
19 print(string.format("%q", get_s(open))) -- prints "oof"
20
21 local closed2:T = open
22 closed2.y = 20.0                            -- not ok
23 open.y = 20.0                               -- ok
```

Defining modules

```
1 local mymath = {}  
2  
3 local RADIANS_PER_DEGREE = 3.14 / 180.0  
4  
5 function mymath.deg (r:number):number  
6     return r / RADIANS_PER_DEGREE  
7 end  
8  
9 function mymath.rad (d:number):number  
10    return d * RADIANS_PER_DEGREE  
11 end  
12  
13 mymath.pow = function (x:number,  
14                         y:number):number  
15    return x ^ y  
16 end  
17  
18 return mymath
```

Using modules

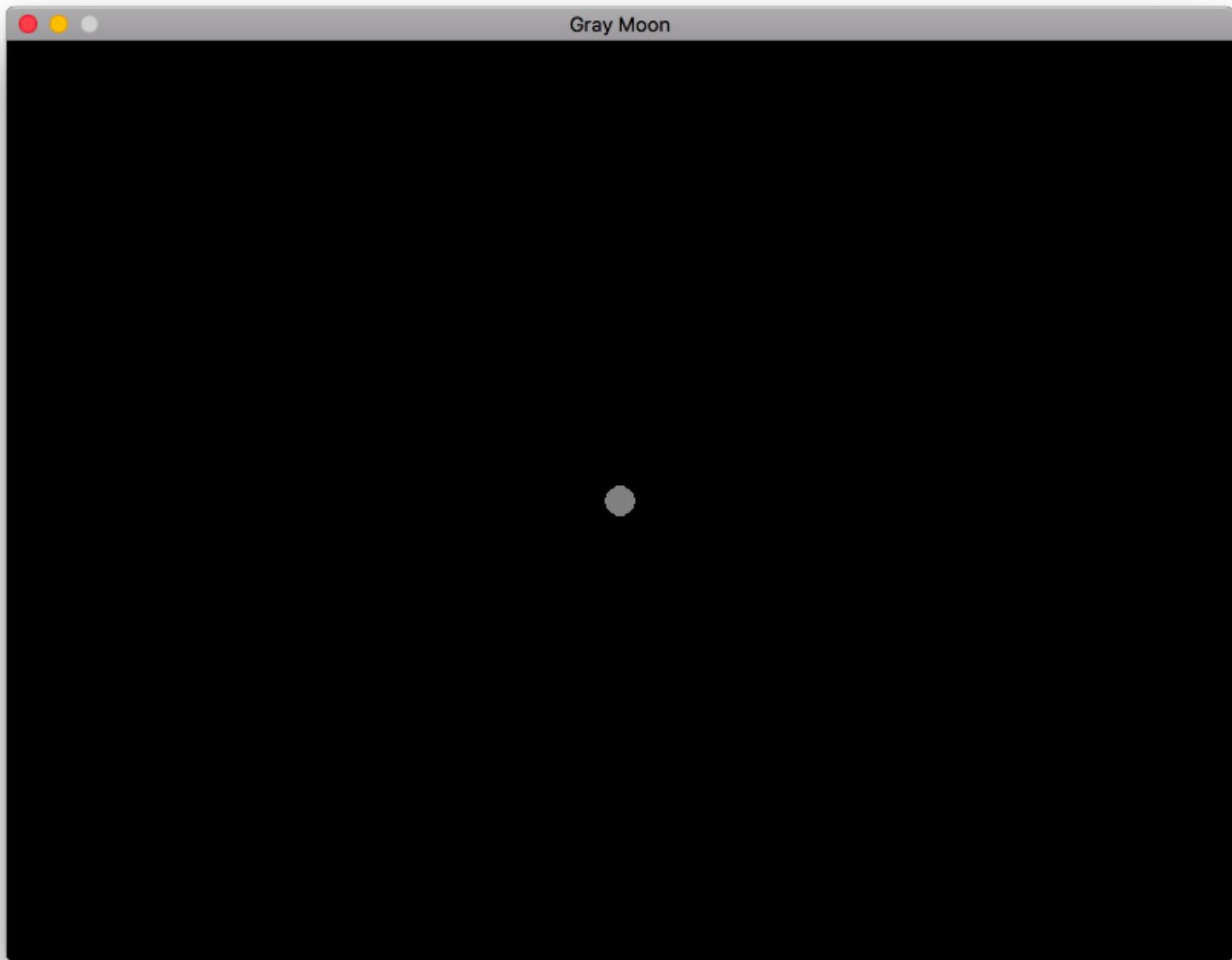
```
1 local mymath = require "mymath"
2 --[ [
3   mymath: {
4     "deg": (number) -> (number),
5     "rad": (number) -> (number),
6     "pow": (number, number) -> (number)
7   }
8 ] ]
9
10 print(mymath.deg(1))           --- 57.324840764331
11 print(mymath.rad(1))           --- 0.01744444444444
12 print(mymath.pow(2, "foo")) --- error
```

Typing external modules

```
1 draw : () -> ()
2 update : (number) -> ()
3
4 event : { "quit" : () -> () }
5
6 graphics : {
7     "circle" : (string, number, number, number) -> (),
8     "setColor" : (number, number, number, number?) -> (),
9 }
10
11 keyboard : { "isDown" : (string) -> (boolean) }
12
13 typealias flags = { "fullscreen":boolean,
14     "fullscreentype":string, "vsync":boolean,
15     "msaa":number, "resizeable":boolean,
16     "borderless":boolean, "centered":boolean,
17     "display":number, "minwidth":number,
18     "minheight":number, "highdpi":boolean,
19     "refreshrate":number, "x":number, "y":number }
20
21 window : { "getMode": () -> (number, number, flags),
22             "setTitle": (string) -> () ,
23 }
```

Using external modules

```
1 local love = require "love"
2
3 typealias Color = {"r":number, "g":number, "b":number}
4 typealias Circle = {"x":number, "y":number,
5                     "radius":number, "color":Color}
6
7 love.window.setTitle("Gray Moon")
8 local width, height = love.window.getMode()
9 local gray:Color = { r = 128, g = 128, b = 128 }
10 local circle:Circle = { x = width / 2, y = height / 2,
11                         radius = 10, color = gray, }
12 function love.update (dt:number)
13     if love.keyboard.isDown("escape") then
14         love.event.quit()
15     end
16 end
17 function love.draw ()
18     love.graphics.setColor(circle.color.r,
19                           circle.color.g, circle.color.b)
20     love.graphics.circle("fill", circle.x, circle.y,
21                          circle.radius)
22 end
```



OO Support

```
1 class Circle
2   x: number
3   y: number
4   radius: number
5
6   constructor new (x:number, y:number, radius:number)
7     self.x = x
8     self.y = y
9     self.radius = radius
10    end
11
12   method move (x:number, y:number)
13     self.x = self.x + x
14     self.y = self.y + y
15   end
16
17   method getPosition ():(number, number)
18     return self.x, self.y
19   end
20 end
```

Using objects

```
1 require("circle")
2
3 local c1 = class(circle.Circle).new(10, 20, 5)
4 c1:move(50, 50)
5 print(c1:getPosition()) -- 60 70
6
7 local c2 = class(circle.Circle).new(100, 200, 10)
8 print(c2.radius)           -- 10
9 c2.radius = 5
10 print(c2.radius)         -- 5
```

Inheritance

```
21 class Color
22     r: number
23     g: number
24     b: number
25
26     constructor new (r: number, g: number, b:number)
27         self.r = r
28         self.g = g
29         self.b = b
30     end
31 end
32 class ColoredCircle extends Circle
33     color: Color
34
35     constructor new (x: number, y: number,
36                         radius: number, color: Color)
37         super.new(x, y, radius)
38         self.color = color
39     end
40     method getColor ():(Color)
41         return self.color
42     end
43 end
```

Using inherited objects

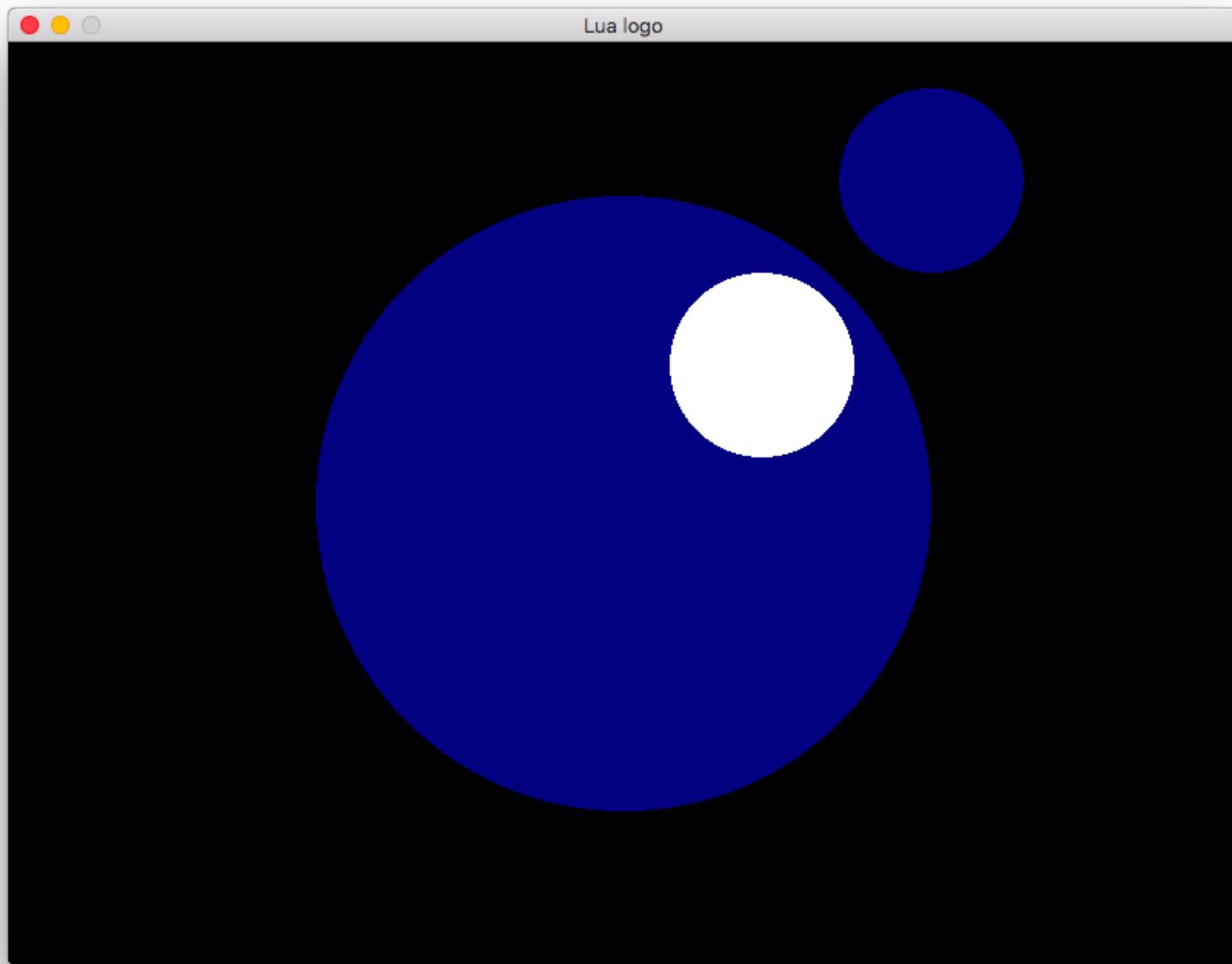
```
1 require("circle")
2
3 local gray = class(circle.Color).new(128, 128, 128)
4 local cb = class(circle.ColoredCircle).new(10, 20, 5,
5                                         gray)
6
7 local c = cb:getColor()
8 print(cb.color.r, cb.color.g, cb.color.b)-- 128 128 128
9 c.r = 255
10 print(cb.color.r, cb.color.g, cb.color.b)-- 255 128 128
11
12 function cb:move (x:number, y:number)
13   print("exit")
14   os.exit(1)
15 end
16
17 cb:move(50, 50) -- exits here
18 os.exit(0)
```

Interfaces

```
1 local love = require "love"
2
3 interface Drawable
4     method draw: () => ()
5 end
6
...
38 class ColoredCircle extends Circle implements Drawable
...
49     method draw ()
50         love.graphics.setColor(self.color.r,
51             self.color.g, self.color.b)
52         love.graphics.circle("fill", self.x, self.y,
53             self.radius)
54     end
55 end
```

Back to the löve example

```
1 local love = require "love"
2 require "lua_logo.circle"
3
4 love.window.setTitle("Lua logo")
5 local width, height = love.window.getMode()
6
7 local blue = class(lua_logo.circle.Color).new(0, 0, 128)
8 local white = class(lua_logo.circle.Color).new(255, 255, 255)
9 local earth = class(lua_logo.circle.ColoredCircle).new(width / 2,
10   height / 2, 200, blue)
11 local hole = class(lua_logo.circle.ColoredCircle).new(width / 2 + 90,
12   height / 2 - 90, 60, white)
13 local moon = class(lua_logo.circle.ColoredCircle).new(width - 200,
14   90, 60, blue)
15
16 function love.update (dt:number)
17   if love.keyboard.isDown("escape") then
18     love.event.quit()
19   end
20 end
21
22 function love.draw ()
23   earth:draw()
24   hole:draw()
25   moon:draw()
26 end
```



Nominal x Structural

```
1 class Nominal1
2   x: boolean
3   constructor new (x:boolean) self.x = x end
4 end
5 typedef Structural1 = { "x": boolean }
6
7 class Nominal2
8   x: boolean
9   constructor new (x:boolean) self.x = x end
10 end
11 typedef Structural2 = { "x": boolean }
12
13 local function get_x_n (n:Nominal2):boolean
14   return n.x
15 end
16 local function get_x_s (s:Structural2):boolean
17   return s.x
18 end
19
20 print(get_x_n(Nominal1.new(false)))    -- not ok
21 print(get_x_s({ x = true }))           -- ok
```

Generics

```
1 class Stack<T>
2   contents: {T}
3   constructor new ()
4     self.contents = {}
5   end
6   method push (x:T)
7     self.contents[#self.contents + 1] = x
8   end
9   method pop () : T?
10    local top = self.contents[#self.contents]
11    self.contents[#self.contents] = nil
12    return top
13  end
14 end
15 local stack1 = Stack.new<string>()
16 local stack2 = Stack.new<integer>()
17 stack1:push("Goodbye Lua Workshop")
18 stack2:push(2017)
19 print(tostring(stack1:pop()))
20   .. " " ..
21   tostring(stack2:pop()))
```

IDE Support

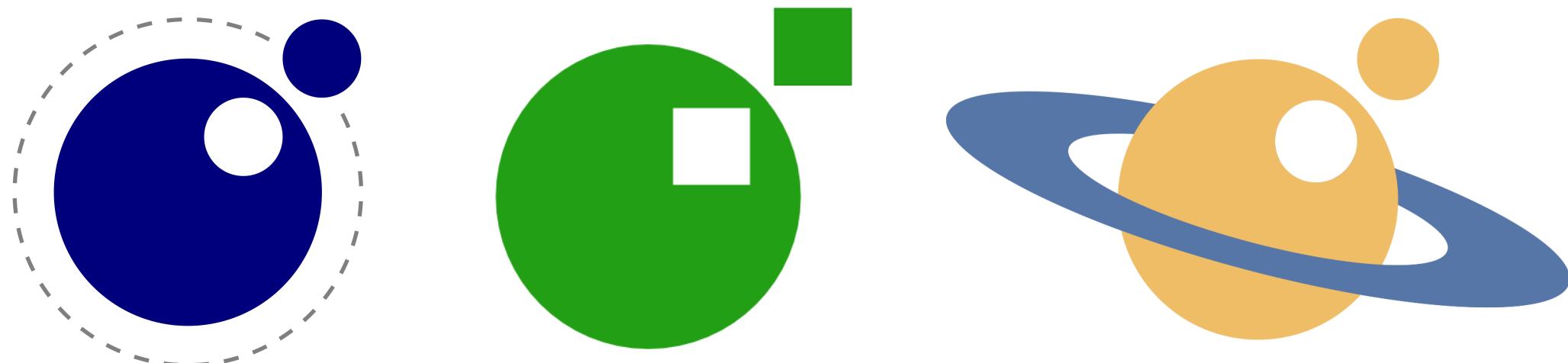
- Language Server Protocol
 - A JSON-RPC API for integrating IDE features.
- Typed Lua language server
 - Implements the API with Typed Lua type checker.
 - Adds error recovery to Typed Lua.
 - Improves AST handling through Visitor Patterns.
- Enabled features
 - Find all references, renaming variables, goto definition, code completion, linting, etc.

Academic feeling

- Typed Lua
 - PhD Thesis
 - <https://github.com/andremm/typedlua>
- Typed Lua + OO Support
 - GSoC 2016
 - <https://github.com/kevinclancy/typedlua>
- Typed Lua + IDE Support
 - GSoC 2017
 - <https://gitlab.com/martanne/typedlua/tree/visitor>

Lua community wants fast code

- Typing Lua semantics is challenging.
 - Coroutines, operator overloading, etc.
- Typed Lua was not designed for optimizations.
 - It is optionally typed instead of statically typed.
- Titan goes for it and Typed Lua goes together.
 - Not all Typed Lua, but the experiences we had.



Thank you!

- Questions?
- For more information:
 - <http://www.typedlua.org>
 - andremm@gmail.com

